

Unplanned Hospital Visits

Hospital Quality Measures	What Is This? Why Is It Important?
30-Day Readmission Rate for Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Patients	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ The rates of unplanned readmission focus on whether patients who were discharged from a hospital were hospitalized again within 30 days. ◆ Patients may have been readmitted back to the same hospital or to a different hospital. They may have been readmitted for a condition that is related to their recent hospitalization, or for an entirely different reason. ◆ Rates of unplanned readmission show whether a hospital is doing its best to prevent complications, provide clear discharge instructions to patients, and help patients make a smooth transition to their home or another setting like a nursing home. ◆ Lower Percentages are Better.
30-Day Readmission Rate for Heart Attack Patients	
30-Day Readmission Rate for Heart Failure Patients	
30-Day Readmission Rate for Pneumonia Patients	
30-Day Readmission Rate for Stroke Patients	
30-Day Readmission Rate for Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG) Surgery Patients	
30-Day Readmission Rate After Hip/Knee Replacement	
Hospital Return Days for Heart Attack Patients	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ This measure assesses days spent in acute care 30 days after discharge from an inpatient hospitalization for heart attack, heart failure, or pneumonia to provide a patient-centered assessment of the post-discharge period. ◆ This measure is intended to capture the quality of care transitions provided to discharged patients hospitalized with heart attack, heart failure, or pneumonia by collectively measuring a set of adverse acute care outcomes: observation stays, Emergency Department (ED) visits, and unplanned readmissions at any time during the 30 days after hospitalization. ◆ Less Days are Better.
Hospital Return Days for Heart Failure Patients	
Hospital Return Days for Pneumonia Patients	
Rate of Unplanned Hospital Visits After an Outpatient Colonoscopy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ This measure shows the rate of unplanned hospital visits within 7 days of an outpatient colonoscopy procedure. A colonoscopy is a procedure where doctors can potentially find colorectal cancer and/or remove precancerous polyps (abnormal growths). Outpatient colonoscopies are common procedures that may result in complications, which may lead to unplanned hospital visits. ◆ Lower Percentages are Better.
30-Day Readmission Rate After Hospital Discharge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ The overall rate of unplanned readmission after discharge from the hospital (also known as “hospital-wide readmission”) focuses on whether patients who were discharged from a hospital stay were hospitalized again within 30 days. ◆ This measure includes all medical, surgical and gynecological, cardiorespiratory, cardiovascular, and neurological hospital patients. ◆ Patients may have been readmitted back to the same hospital or to a different hospital. They may have been readmitted for a condition that is related to their recent hospital stay, or for an entirely different reason. ◆ The overall rate of unplanned readmission shows whether a hospital is doing its best to prevent complications, provide clear discharge instructions to patients, and help ensure patients make a smooth transition to their home or another setting like a nursing home. ◆ Lower Percentages are Better.

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Hospital Quality Measures	* Indicator	Performance Period	Dearborn	Farmington Hills	Grosse Pointe	Royal Oak	Taylor	Trenton	Troy	Wayne	National Benchmarks
30-Day Readmission Rate for Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD) Patients	↓	July 2014 - June 2017	21.9%	22.5%	21.9%	22.2%	20.3%	19.3%	19.8%	21.2%	19.6%
30-Day Readmission Rate for Stroke Patients	↓	July 2014 - June 2017	14.2%	12.0%	12.2%	15.0%	12.4%	10.7%	13.8%	12.2%	12.2%
30-Day Readmission Rate for Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG) Surgery Patients ¹	↓	July 2014 - June 2017	13.7%	N/A	N/A	13.3%	N/A	N/A	13.4%	N/A	13.8%
30-Day Readmission Rate After Hip/Knee Replacement	↓	July 2014 - June 2017	4.0%	4.1%	4.3%	4.3%	4.2%	4.2%	4.1%	3.9%	4.4%
30-Day Readmission Rate After Hospital Discharge	↓	July 2016 - June 2017	16.1%	15.9%	16.4%	16.2%	15.2%	14.5%	16.0%	17.3%	15.3%
Hospital Return Days for Heart Attack Patients	↓	July 2014 - June 2017	41.2 Days	41.3 Days	14.2 Days	33.5 Days	N/A Too Few to Report	18.5 Days	1.9 Days	2.1 Days	0 Days
Hospital Return Days for Heart Failure Patients	↓	July 2014 - June 2017	49.7 Days	14.6 Days	9.6 Days	39.1 Days	41.5 Days	12.7 Days	9.1 Days	41.2 Days	0 Days
Hospital Return Days for Pneumonia Patients	↓	July 2014 - June 2017	55.4 Days	28.6 Days	6.4 Days	41.3 Days	31.3 Days	23.8 Days	25.5 Days	47.4 Days	0 Days
Rates of Unplanned Hospital Visits After an Outpatient Colonoscopy	↓	Calendar Year 2016	16.1%	17.0%	17.5%	14.4%	15.7%	17.0%	15.6%	17.8%	16.4%

Not calculated in Readmissions Overall Quality Star Rating Group Score

30-Day Readmission Rate for Heart Attack Patients	↓	July 2014 - June 2017	17.2%	17.8%	16.3%	17.0%	N/A Too Few to Report	15.1%	17.2%	16.8%	16.0%
30-Day Readmission Rate for Heart Failure Patients	↓	July 2014 - June 2017	23.8%	23.3%	25.1%	23.4%	23.5%	22.7%	20.9%	25.1%	21.7%
30-Day Readmission Rate for Pneumonia Patients	↓	July 2014 - June 2017	19.7%	18.3%	17.1%	19.6%	18.1%	16.6%	17.5%	20.2%	16.7%

Footnote Legend: ¹ N/A: CABG Surgery Not Performed at this Hospital.

* Indicator	
↑	Higher Values Signify Better Performance
↓	Lower Values Signify Better Performance

Colors Indicate Beaumont Performance (Based on Confidence Intervals) Against National Performance			
Better Performance	Same Performance	Worse Performance	N/A Not Applicable

We Report All Our Data to CMS and CMS Reports Our Data through Medicare.gov	
Learn More At:	beaumont.org/quality medicare.gov/hospitalcompare